

SOL

Though light be lost,
Life yet hath many *solaces*, enjoy'd
Where other senses want not their delights,
At home in leisure and domestick ease,
Exempt from many a care and chance, to which
Eye-sight exposes daily men abroad. *Milton's Agonistes.*
Through waters, and through flames I'll go,
Suffer and *solace* of thy woe. *Prior.*

SOLANDER. n. f. [*Soulandres*, Fr.] A discourse in horses. *Diſt.*

SOLAR. } adj. [*Solaire*, French; *solaris*, Latin.]

SOLARY. } adj. [*Solaire*, French; *solaris*, Latin.]

1. Being of the sun.

The corpuscles that make up the beams of light be *solar*

effluvia, or minute particles of some ethereal substance,

thrusting on one another from the lucid body. *Boyle.*

Instead of golden fruits,
By genial show'rs and *solar* heat supply'd,
Unfufferable Winter hath defac'd
Earth's blooming charms, and made a barren waste. *Blackm.*

2. Belonging to the sun.

They denominate some herbs *solar*, and some lunar. *Bacon.*

Scripture hath been punctual in other records, concerning

solar miracles. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

3. Born under or in the predominant influence of the sun.

The cock was pleas'd to hear him speak so fair, *Dryden.*

And proud beside, as *solar* people are.

4. Measured by the sun.

The rule to find the moon's age, on any day of any *solar*

month, cannot shew precisely an exact account of the moon,

because of the inequality of the motions of the sun and moon,

and the number of days of the *solar* months. *Holder on Time.*

SOLD. The preterite and participle passive of sell.

SOLD. n. f. [*soldie*, old French. *Trevoux.*] Military pay;

warlike entertainment.

But were your will her *sold* to entertain,
And number'd be amongst knights of maidenhead,
Great guerdon, well I wot, should you remain,
And in her favour high be reckoned. *Fairy Queen.*

SOLDAN. n. f. [*for sultan*.] The emperor of the Turks.

They at the *soldan's* chair defy'd the best. *Milton.*

SOLDANEL. n. f. [*Soldanella*, Latin.] A plant.

It grows on the Alps, and several other mountainous places

of Italy, Germany, and Hungary. They are plants of humble

growth, seldom rising above six or eight inches high: their

round leaves grow close to the ground, from between which

the flower-stems arise, each of which have four or five flowers,

of a fine blue colour; or of a snow-white, which hang down,

and are shaped like bells. *Miller.*

TO SOLDIER. v. a. [*soldier*, Fr. *soldare*, Ital. *solidare*, Latin.]

See *SODER*.

1. To unite or fasten with any kind of metallick cement.

A concave sphere of gold, filled with water, and *soldered* up,

has, upon pressing the sphere with great force, let the water

squeeze through it, and stand all over its outside in multitudes

of small drops like dew, without bursting or cracking the body

of the gold. *Newton's Opt.*

2. To mend; to unite any thing broken.

It booteth them not thus to *solder* up a broken cause, where-

of their first and last discourses will fall asunder. *Hooker.*

Wars 'twixt you twain would be

As if the world should cleave, and that slain men

Should *solder* up the rift. *Shakeſp. Ant. and Cleopatra.*

Thou visible god,

That *sould'reſt* close impossibilities,

And mak'st them kifs! *Shakeſp. Timon.*

Learn'd he was in med'nal lore;

Replete with strange hermetick powder,

That wounds nine miles point-blank would *solder*. *Hudibras.*

The naked cynick's jar ne'er flames; if broken,

'Tis quickly *solder'd*, or a new bespoken. *Dryd. hum. fav.*

At the Restoration the presbyterians, and other sects, did all

unite and *solder* up their several schemes, to join against the

church. *Swift.*

SOLDER. n. f. [from the verb.] Metallick cement.

Goldsmiths say, the coarseſt stuff

Will serve for *solder* well enough. *Swift.*

SOLDERER. n. f. [from *solder*.] One that folders or mends.

SOLDIER. n. f. [*soldat*, Fr. from *solidarius*, low Latin, of *sol-*

dat, a piece of money, the pay of a soldier; *soldie*, French.]

1. A fighting man; a warrior. Originally one who served for pay.

Your sister is the better *soldier*. *Shakeſp. King Lear.*

Good Sward,

An older and a better *soldier* none. *Shakeſp. Macbeth.*

A *soldier*,

Full of strange oaths, and bearded like a pard,

Jealous in honour, fudden and quick in quarrel,

Seeking the bubble reputation

Ev'n in the cannon's mouth. *Shakeſp.*

This attempt

I'm *soldier* to, and will abide it with

A prince's courage. *Shakeſp. Cymbeline.*

SOL

I have not yet forgot I am a king:

If I have wrong'd thee, charge me face to face;

I have not yet forgot I am a *soldier*. *Dryd. Don Sebastian.*

2. It is generally used of the common men, as distinct from the

commanders.

It were meet that any one, before he came to be a captain,

should have been a *soldier*. *Speſer on Ireland.*

SOLDIERLIKE. } adj. [*soldier* and *like*.] Martial; warlike;

SOLDIERLY. } military; becoming a soldier.

Although at the first they had fought with beastly fury rather

than any *soldierly* discipline, practice had now made them com-

parable to the best. *Sidney.*

I will maintain the word with my sword to be a *soldierlike*

word, and a word of good command. *Shakeſp. Henry IV.*

They according to a *soldierly* custom, in cases of extremity,

by interchange of a kiss by every of them upon the swords of

others, sealed a resolution to maintain the place. *Hayward.*

Enemies as well as friends confessed, that it was as *soldierly*

an action as had been performed on either side. *Claudian.*

SOLDIERSHIP. n. f. [from *soldier*.] Military character; martial

qualities; behaviour becoming a soldier.

Thy father and myself in friendship

First tried our *soldiership*: he did look far

Into the service of the time, and was

Disciple of the bravest. *Shak. All's well that ends well.*

By sea you throw away

The absolute *soldiership* you have by land,

Distract your army, which doth most consist

Of war-mark'd footmen. *Shakeſp.*

SOLDIERY. n. f. [from *soldier*.]

1. Body of military men; soldiers collectively.

The Memphian *soldiery*,

That swell'd the Erythrean waves, when wall'd,

The unfrozen waters marvellously flood. *Philips.*

I charge not the *soldiery* with ignorance and contempt of

learning, without allowing exceptions. *Swift.*

2. Soldiership; martial skill.

Offering him, if he would exercise his courage in *soldiery*,

he would commit some charge unto him under his lieutenant

Philanax. *Sidney.*

SOLE. n. f. [*solum*, Latin.]

1. The bottom of the foot.

I will only be bold with Benedick for his company; for

from the crown of his head to the *sole* of his foot he is all

mirth. *Shakeſp. Much Ado about Nothing.*

Tickling is most in the *soles* of the feet: the cause is the

rareness of being touched there. *Bacon's Nat. History.*

The *soles* of the feet have great affinity with the head and

the mouth of the stomach; as going wet-shod, to those that

use it not, affecteth both. *Bacon's Natural History.*

Such resting found the *sole* of unblest feet. *Milton.*

In the make of the camel's foot, the *sole* is flat and broad,

being very fleshy, and covered only with a thick, soft, and

somewhat callous skin; but very fit to travel in sandy places.

Ray on the Creation.

2. The foot.

To redeem thy woful parent's head

From tyrant's rage and ever-dying dread,

Haſt wander'd through the world now long a day,

Yet ceaseſt not thy weary *soles* to lead. *Fairy Queen.*

3. The bottom of the shoe.

Nay, gentle Romeo, we must have you dance.

—Not I, believe me: you have dancing shoes,

With nimble *soles*. *Shakeſp. Romeo and Juliet.*

A trade that, I hope, I may use with a safe conscience;

which is, indeed, fir, a mender of bad *soles*.

On fortune's cap we are not the very button.—Nor the *sole*

of her shoe. *Shakeſp. Hamlet.*

The caliga was a military shoe, with a very thick *sole*, tied

above the instep with leather thongs. *Arbutnot on Cinn.*

4. The part of any thing that touches the ground.

The strike-block is a plane shorter than the jointer, having

its *sole* made exactly flat and straight, and is used for the cho-

ing of a short joint. *Moxon's Mech. Exerc.*

Elm is proper for mills, *soles* of wheels, and pipes. *Martin.*

5. A kind of sea-fish.

Of flat fish, rays, thornbacks, *soles*, and flukes. *Caren.*

TO SOLE. v. a. [from the noun.] To furnish with *soles*; as,

to *sole* a pair of shoes.

His feet were *soled* with a treble tuft of a close short tawney

down. *Grew's Musaeum.*

SOLE. adj. [*sol*, old French; *solus*, Latin.]

1. Single; only.

Take not upon thee to be judge alone: there is no *sole* judge

but only one: lay not to others, receive my sentence, when

their authority is above thine. *Hooker.*

Orpheus every where expressed the infinite and *sole* power of

one God, though he used the name of Jupiter. *Religh.*

To me shall be the glory *sole* among

Th' infernal powers. *Milton's Paradise Lost.*

A rattling

SOL

A rattling tempest through the branches went,

That stripp'd them bare, and one *sole* way they rent. *Dryd.*

He, *sole* in power, at the beginning said,

Let sea and air, and earth and heav'n be made:

And it was so; and when he shall ordain

In other fort, has but to speak again, *Prior.*

And they shall be no more.

2. [In law.] Not married.

Some others are such as a man cannot make his wife,

though he himself be *sole* and unmarried. *Ayliff.*

SOLECISM. n. f. [*σολοκισμός*.] Unfitness of one word to

another; impropriety in language. A barbarism may be in

one word, a solecism must be of more.

There is scarce a *solecism* in writing which the best author is

not guilty of, if we be at liberty to read him in the words of

some manuscript. *Addison.*

SOLELY. adv. [from *sole*.] Singly; only.

You knew my father well, and in him me,

Left *solely* heir to all his lands. *Shak. Taming of the Shrew.*

This night's great business

Shall to all our nights and days to come

Give *solely* love-reign sway and masterydom. *Shakeſp.*

That the temperate heat of the climate *solely* occasions this

complexion, experience admits not. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

This truth is pointed chiefly, if not *solely*, upon sinners of

the first rate, who have cast off all regard for piety. *Atterbury.*

SOLEMN. adj. [*solemnis*, French; *solemnis*, Latin.]

1. Anniversary; observed once a year with religious ceremonies.

The worship of this image was advanced, and a *solemn* sup-

plication observed every year. *Stillingfleet.*

2. Religiously grave.

His holy rites and *solemn* feasts profan'd. *Milton.*

3. Awful; striking with seriousness.

Then 'gan he loudly through the house to call,

But no one care to answer to his cry;

There reigned a *solemn* silence over all. *Fairy Queen.*

To 'wage with *solemn* touches troubled thoughts. *Milt.*

Nor then the *solemn* nightingale ceas'd warbling. *Milton.*

4. Grave; affectedly serious.

When Steel reflects upon the many *solemn* strong barriers

to our succession of laws and oaths, he thinks all fear vanish-

eth: so do I, provided the epithet *solemn* goes for nothing;

because though I have heard of a *solemn* day, and a *solemn* con-

comb, yet I can conceive no idea of a *solemn* barrier. *Swift.*

SOLEMNITY. } n. f. [*solemnitas*, French; from *solemn*.]

1. Ceremony or rite annually performed.

Great was the cause; our old *solemnities*

From no blind zeal or fond tradition rise;

But, sav'd from death, our Argives yearly pay

These grateful honours to the god of day. *Pope.*

2. Religious ceremony.

The lady Constance,

Some speedy messenger bid repair

To our *solemnity*. *Shakeſp. King John.*

The moon, like to a silver bow,

New bent in heaven, shall behold the night

Of our *solemnities*. *Shakeſp.*

There may be great danger in using such compositions in

churches, at arrangements, plays, and *solemnities*. *Bacon.*

What fun'ral pomp shall floating Tiber see,